

Gain the competitive advantage.

Implement 3D printing to hasten product development, future-proof supply chains and grow your business. WHITE PAPER DU COMPETITION ADVANTAGE



Introduction

In 2024 the global 3D printing market surpassed \$20B. It is projected to maintain double digit growth rates over the coming 5 years. This is no small trend. Does your business factor into those numbers? Does it matter?

In fact, numerous companies across an array of industries are using 3D printing to transform their business, create new revenue opportunities, develop more agile supply chains and gain competitive advantage.

This white paper will help you understand what additive manufacturing is, what it can do, but most importantly, outline the problems it solves for businesses that are worried about adapting to the rapidly changing world. We'll start by explaining how 3D printing differs from traditional manufacturing. Then we will cover six main business drivers of 3D printing. Next, we'll apply those six business drivers to the entire product lifecycle, from initial product development through to end-of-life. Finally, we'll help you understand various business cases to outline what exactly 3D printers can do within a facility, the problems they will help you solve and how they will add value to your business.



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//Chapter 01

A New Way to Make Things

Until the advent of 3D printing, making things has involved three fundamental processes: removing material, joining materials, or reforming materials to a desired shape. Making objects additively, layer by layer, is an entirely new manufacturing methodology distinct from those subtractive, fabricative, or formative processes. It sounds like a small thing, but it has huge implications for how parts can be produced, and in turn, how supply chains operate, businesses sell, and manufacturers invest.





Because 3D printing uses this layer-by-layer, particle-byparticle approach to manufacturing, it is able to make complicated shapes that are unimaginable using traditional processes such as molding, machining, or casting. Unlike these traditional methods, complexity with 3D printing is also dislocated from cost, making it a highly efficient way of creating intricate shapes.

Combine this with the fact that 3D printing is entirely digital, and suddenly the traditional relationship between part cost and production volume evaporates. We now have a process that is highly suited to lower-volume production applications where traditional tooling investment would be difficult to justify. To put it simply, with 3D printing, complexity is free, economies of scale don't exist, and things can be produced wherever there's a 3D printer, independent of traditional factories.

Download 3D Printing Buyer's Guide

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...suddenly the traditional relationship between part cost and production volume evaporates... //Chapter 02

The Business Drivers of 3D Printing

3D printing is used across a variety of business sectors to drive innovation, support manufacturing and accelerate new products and services to market. However, as a complement to other technologies, it shouldn't be viewed as only a different way of making things. Rather, 3D printing presents compelling business benefits that drive its adoption where it makes sense. These benefits are characterized by six key drivers.



Conventional manufacturing is limited by certain physical constraints, requiring design-for-manufacture-and-assembly (DFMA) considerations. However, the restraints of DFMA are substantially reduced through the additive nature of 3D printing, enabling the manufacture of highly complex geometries in a singular production process with little or no cost-penalty.







The digital nature of 3D printing allows for the precise positioning of multiple materials at a micron scale. This opens up the possibility of embedding new kinds of functionality into products, whether it's computer intelligence, exotic material properties, unique motion properties, and much more. This capability can eliminate manufacturing steps, reducing cycle time and cost.



John Crane, a global rotating equipment provider, significantly reduced the production cost of an impeller casing for a spin test rig with additive manufacturing. Using 3D printing instead of machining, the company was able to combine 22 pieces of the previous design into one part, reducing manufacturing costs by 98% and test costs by 65%.

Read full John Crane case study

Up to

98%

reduction in manufacturing costs



//03 Streamlined Supply Chains

3D printing's ability to produce parts on demand relative to traditional manufacturing processes means supply chains can be reconfigured for zero-inventory "digital stock." This point-of-use production shortens the supply chain, hastens delivery, and reduces inventory costs. When traditional supply chains are impacted by work shortages or unforeseen events, 3D printing's capabilities short-circuit these roadblocks allowing companies to continue producing.



FedEx Forward Depots provide justin-time delivery of spare parts and electronics repairs. By producing critical spare parts and tooling in-house using 3D printing, FedEx both shortens the supply chain and lowers the logistics overhead for its Forward Depot business. This lets FedEx repair electronics faster than the original manufacturer, sometimes as soon as the next day.

Find Out More

75%

of global manufacturing operations will be using 3D printed components to produce end-use parts



Hyper Personalization

By removing traditional economies of scale, personalization can go mass-market, opening up a huge opportunity across sectors to add value to products through personalization, when it was previously cost-prohibitive. This can be considerably important for companies such as automakers to economically justify greater personalization in their products, allowing for market distinction.





通り <mark>//05</mark> Low Volume Manufacturing

Unlike traditional production processes, 3D printing is entirely digital and toolless, meaning there's no capital cost difference between printing one part or a thousand. The result is that companies can disrupt the traditional economies of scale, by allowing cost-effective production of low-to-mid-volume batches.





//06 Lifecycle Sustainability

From minimizing manufacturing material waste to reducing fuel costs by lightweighting parts, 3D printing can reduce environmental impact while simultaneously growing the bottom line.



3D Printing Across the Product Lifecycle

3D printing impacts a company major business functions: prototyping, tooling, manufacturing, maintenance and aftermarket support.



Prototyping

Prototyping is an expense, and the benefit of iterating concept models, visual aids, and functional prototypes can quickly be outweighed by the time and cost it takes to fabricate them. Yet iterations inherently lead to better product designs.

3D printing changes this equation because it supports two seemingly contradictory goals: enabling more iterations of prototypes while simultaneously reducing development time. Because 3D printing is toolless, a printer can produce 10 variants of a prototype in the time it takes a talented designer to create a single visual prototype using conventional techniques. The beauty of today's multi-material, multi-texture, full-color 3D printing technology is that designers can now produce high-fidelity prototypes that are virtually indistinguishable from the final product. Combined with the speed at which they can be produced, it enables a significant reduction in the design process and time-to-market.

Investment and Implementation

Prototyping is a secure investment for 3D printing, thanks to a successful track record and welldefined benefits to the design and engineering processes. It's also one of the easiest stages in the product lifecycle for a business to implement the technology.

A Step-by-Step Guide to Rapid Prototyping with 3D Printing







Kinetic Vision, a product development consulting firm, produced this prototype for a consumer products packaging client. Kinetic Vision used full-color, multi-material 3D printing, capable of producing colorful graphics, legible text and complex designs in a single print operation.



Tooling

As a digitally driven, on-demand, flexible production platform, 3D printing eliminates many of the costs and limitations faced by companies looking to produce jigs, fixtures and other tooling in-house. It also reduces the risks of long supplier lead times and high fabrication prices for outsourced tool production.

As mentioned previously, complexity is free with 3D printing. This opens up new opportunities for tool configurations that were previously cost prohibitive or limited by design-for-manufacture constraints.

Existing tools can be reviewed and their designs improved to be more lightweight, multi-functional, durable and ergonomic. Multiple jigs and fixtures can be consolidated to fewer, more advanced 3D printed tools, reducing the number of individual operations and unique tools in total.





Tooling

Investment and Implementation

Implementing a 3D printed tooling strategy is a good next step for any company looking to expand 3D printing outside of the prototyping department. With many lower-cost, officefriendly 3D printing technologies capable of producing jigs and fixtures, the technology barrier for getting started can be modest.

Tooling Challenges Additive Manufacturing Solves



Questions you should conside

- Will increased variation of assembly aids improve reliability, speed and quality on the production floor?
- Are current tools, particularly less complex ones, at the mercy of long lead times due to outsourcing or a bottle-necked in-house fabrication shop when they have to be replaced?
- Is the current tooling designed strictly for the task rather than conceived with the operator in mind?

If the answer to questions like these is "yes," an investment in 3D printed tooling can pay dividends.



Manufacturing – Production and Supply Chain

3D printing possesses many unique capabilities compared to conventional manufacturing technologies and these advantages are becoming more well-defined and understood. This increased knowledge is allowing companies across a growing number of industries to employ additive manufacturing to bring new products to market, reduce production costs, diversify supply chains and streamline their operations.

Because 3D printing is an additive process, there are far fewer restrictions on what geometries can be produced compared to molding, machining, and forming processes.

Another advantage is that additive manufacturing can print many different parts within a single production run with no need for the fabrication and installation of costly tooling. This flexibility and scalability is something conventional processes often lack because recouping the cost of the tool requires production runs of many thousands of parts. In contrast, additive manufacturing is an agile, lower-volume production solution that does not depend on economies of scale. This opens up new opportunities where lower production volumes were previously uneconomical.

3D printing also has the potential to upend traditional supply chains. The ability to locate 3D printers at or close to the point of use shortens the supply chain, bypassing links that can break down and impede traditional manufacturing and distribution networks, enabling on-demand production.





Additive Manufacturing unlocks new possibilities in manufacturing. This agile technology enables complex geometries, reduces production costs, and streamlines supply chains. With no need for costly tooling, companies can bring innovative products to market faster and more efficiently. Additive manufacturing is reshaping production—one layer at a time.



Maintenance and Aftermarket

3D printing is becoming increasingly relevant in the aftermarket space, as companies look to cut costs in tooling, storage and setup, and seek to find new and innovative distribution and repair models for spare parts. Where businesses embrace 3D printing to produce spare and replacement parts, entire storage warehouses can be replaced with a bank of 3D printers, producing parts on a just-in-time basis, or even replaced with a service bureau.

Often, the problem with producing for the aftermarket comes down to achieving efficient production volumes. But the quandary is determining what that number should be and if it runs the risk of either over- or under-producing. 3D printing solves the problem by providing a production mechanism that is efficient across any volume. But economic low-volume production is only half the story. When you design and produce parts via 3D printing, you gain the ability to produce at low volumes anywhere – in house or at a service bureau. Concepts like centralized repair depots that produce or repair parts and incorporate them into rebuilds become possible. Remanufacturing one-off parts for an obsolete product line using 3D scanning and advanced engineering is now an option.

In short, 3D printing aids both makers of aftermarket parts and maintenance and repair organizations through on-demand inventory, digital tooling, repair aids and re-engineering.



VChapter 04 Valuing 3D Printing Investments

Every business investment starts with the business case. So how do you make a compelling business case for 3D printing? It starts by looking beyond the more simple task of justifying the purchase of the printer. Too often, businesses add up the cost savings a new printer achieves relative to the traditional manufacturing process it replaces. But this comparison is far from a fully developed business case for adopting 3D printing.

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Focusing solely on piece-part cost reduction means you'll miss 90% of the iceberg. Certainly, hard cost-reduction numbers are part of the justification equation. But sometimes the business case also needs to include scenarios portraying the future possibilities and order-ofmagnitude estimations.

From Incremental to Transformational Value

How your organization derives value from 3D printing will depend on how and to what ends the technology is deployed. Some businesses will derive value from incremental replacements and improvements to parts and processes, while others will use the technology to enable transformative change in their businesses, enabling new products and services never before possible.

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After decades as a bit player, additive manufacturing is on the cusp of stardom. Faster machines, better materials, and smarter software are helping to make AM a realistic solution for many real-world production applications."

McKinsey 2022





Substitution

The simplest case for assessing 3D printing's value involves substituting conventional processes and parts with 3D printing to reduce costs. Substitution can make sense in cases where the economics of traditional production make it less attractive than additive.

Benefits from substitution usually come in the form of reducing fixed costs of production. Sourcing, production setup, tooling, and other fixed costs may make 3D printing highly attractive, especially at lower volumes.

Augmentation

Many businesses have discovered that 3D printing lets them do the things they do, but do them better. 3D printing can automate manual processes by converting physical work into digital manipulation. It can also produce more robust products through assembly consolidation.

Gains from augmentation result from increased efficiency and lower lead times, or improvements that lead to simpler processes or more robust and functional products.

Transformation

Whether it's new avenues of personalization and customization or completely new ways of delivering products, 3D printing can create opportunities for new product categories, new ways of servicing customers, or fundamental changes to how products are made.

Because 3D printing can enable entirely new business and product lines, in a transformational 3D printing initiative, most of the value will come in the form of revenue growth, new market opportunities and new business models. //Chapter 05

Getting Started

Businesses that successfully deploy 3D printing don't simply buy a machine. True business transformation requires a strategy to drive and sustain change. You need to understand what 3D printing can do in the context of your business, develop the future state and execute the change management needed to get there. 22





Properly deployed, 3D printing will also challenge the ways that program management, designers, engineers, and procurement have traditionally operated. Conventional methods of design, purchasing, ROI calculation, and supply chain configuration won't work when adopting additive; your organization must be prepared to break down the status quo and start thinking additively. Also, to sustain the initiative, KPIs should be developed that encourage adoption of 3D printing. Most likely, your current metrics will be tailored to optimizing existing business processes. Re-evaluate these metrics and ensure they provide incentives to take risks, experiment, and discover new opportunities for value creation that 3D printing can provide. To deploy 3D printing throughout your organization, the journey must be leadership driven. Leaders must define 3D printing as a business priority, develop the strategy, and provide the resources to build an ecosystem and enable people. Perhaps more important, leaders must build a culture that is willing to change in pursuit of the better and provide incentives that sustain that culture.



Summary

A Different Manufacturing Paradigm

3D printing is unlike traditional ways of making things. Being additive rather than subtractive, it breaks the link between a part's complexity and the cost to manufacture it. Economies of scale don't exist either because it's a digital technology that doesn't rely on tooling. This makes lowervolume production viable. And since parts can be produced wherever there's a 3D printer, production isn't reliant on traditional factories, making supply chains shorter.

There are Reasons it Makes Business Sense

This different way of manufacturing is backed by several business drivers, all of which ultimately result in a positive bottom-line impact:

- Design freedom Parts can optimized for the design purpose rather than limited by the restrictions of traditional manufacturing constraints.
- Embedded functionality 3D printing allows for the inclusion of added capabilities within a part or assembly, eliminating manufacturing steps, lowering cycle time and reducing cost.
- Streamlined supply chains On-demand capabilities and point-of-use production shortcircuit traditional supply chains, speeding delivery and reducing inventory costs.

- Personalization With the encumbrance of economy-of-scale out of the picture, personalization can go mass-market, allowing greater market differentiation.
- Cost-efficient manufacturing The absence of tooling requirements eliminates one of the largest manufacturing costs, making lowervolume production cost effective.
- Life-cycle sustainability Design freedom and point-of-use production allow for lighter, optimized parts that save fuel use and reduce environmental impact.

Adding Value Across the Product Lifecycle

Most importantly, 3D printing can make an impact at every stage of a product's life. That includes prototyping, tooling, manufacturing, sales and retail, and maintenance and aftermarket support. Leveraging its broad application and valuing it as a transformational technology gives you the opportunity to maximize all this technology has to offer.



Stratasys Can Help

3D printing is a proven technology that gives companies the tools to grow their business and improve their competitive position. That includes companies as diverse as Bombardier, Whirlpool, Siemens, GE, Pratt & Whitney and a host of others, large and small. But making 3D printing a part of your business doesn't mean you have to go it alone. We can help.

Stratasys has been providing 3D printing solutions for over 30 years. We understand that businesses have varied needs relative to the implementation of this technology. Our experts can guide the appropriate people in your organization to the right additive strategy for your business. <u>Contact us</u> today to start the conversation on how 3D printing makes sense for your business.

Visit our website for the appropriate contact information to find a reseller, request a quote or talk to our team. Or simply email us at transformationteam@stratasys.com



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Stratasys Headquarters

7665 Commerce Way, Eden Prairie, MN 55344 +1 800 801 6491 (US Toll Free) +1 952 937-3000 (Intl) +1 952 937-0070 (Fax) 1 Holtzman St., Science Park, PO Box 2496 Rehovot 76124, Israel +972 74 745 4000 +972 74 745 5000 (Fax)

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